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- Proof by Cases and Induction



Chapter 5

Isar: A Language for Structured Proofs

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# Apply scripts

- unreadable
- hard to maintain



# Apply scripts versus Isar proofs

# Apply scripts versus Isar proofs

Apply script = assembly language program

Isar proof = structured program with assertions

Apply script = assembly language program

Isar proof = structured program with assertions

But: apply still useful for proof exploration

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# A typical Isar proof



# A typical Isar proof

```
\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{proof} \\ \mathbf{assume} \ formula_0 \\ \mathbf{have} \ formula_1 \quad \mathbf{by} \ simp \\ \vdots \\ \mathbf{have} \ formula_n \quad \mathbf{by} \ blast \\ \mathbf{show} \ formula_{n+1} \ \mathbf{by} \ \dots \\ \mathbf{qed} \end{array}
```

```
\begin{array}{cccc} \mathbf{proof} & \mathbf{assume} \ formula_0 & \mathbf{by} \ simp \\ & \mathbf{have} \ formula_1 & \mathbf{by} \ simp \\ & \vdots & \mathbf{have} \ formula_n & \mathbf{by} \ blast \\ & \mathbf{show} \ formula_{n+1} \ \mathbf{by} \ \dots \\ & \mathbf{qed} & \\ & \mathbf{proves} \ formula_0 \Longrightarrow formula_{n+1} \end{array}
```

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### Isar core syntax



#### Isar core syntax

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## Isar core syntax



## Isar core syntax

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# Isar core syntax



# Example: Cantor's theorem

```
lemma \neg surj(f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'a \ set)
```

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# Example: Cantor's theorem

```
lemma \neg surj(f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'a \ set) proof
```



# Example: Cantor's theorem

```
lemma \neg surj(f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'a \ set)
proof default proof: assume surj, show False
```

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# Example: Cantor's theorem

```
lemma \neg surj(f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'a \ set)

proof default proof: assume surj, show False

assume a : surj f
```



# Example: Cantor's theorem

```
lemma \neg surj(f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'a \ set)
proof default proof: assume surj, show False
assume a : surj f
from a have b : \forall A . \exists a . A = f a
```

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# Example: Cantor's theorem

```
lemma \neg surj(f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'a \ set)

proof default proof: assume surj, show False

assume a : surj f

from a have b : \forall A . \exists a . A = f a

by(simp \ add : surj\_def)
```



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# Example: Cantor's theorem

```
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proof default proof: assume surj, show False

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from a have b : \forall A . \exists a . A = f a

by(simp \ add : surj\_def)

from b have c : \exists a . \{x . x \notin f x\} = f a
```



# Example: Cantor's theorem

```
lemma \neg surj(f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'a \ set)

proof default proof: assume surj, show False

assume a : surj \ f

from a have b : \ \forall \ A . \ \exists \ a . \ A = f \ a

by (simp \ add : surj\_def)

from b have c : \exists \ a . \ \{x . \ x \notin f \ x\} = f \ a

by blast
```



### Example: Cantor's theorem

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lemma \neg surj(f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'a \ set)

proof default proof: assume surj, show False

assume a : surj f

from a have b : \forall A . \exists a . A = f a

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by blast

from c show False

by blast
```

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# Example: Cantor's theorem

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proof default proof: assume surj, show False

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from a have b : \forall A . \exists a . A = f a

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from b have c : \exists a . \{x . x \notin f x\} = f a

by blast

from c show False

by blast

qed
```



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Isar\_Demo.thy

Cantor and abbreviations



# Example: Cantor's theorem

```
lemma \neg surj(f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'a \ set)

proof default proof: assume surj, show False

assume a : surj f

from a have b : \forall A . \exists a . A = f a

by (simp \ add : surj\_def)

from b have c : \exists a . \{x . x \notin f x\} = f a

by blast

from c show False

by blast

qed
```



# Example: Cantor's theorem

```
lemma \neg surj(f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'a \ set)
proof default proof: assume surj, show False
assume a : surj f

by blast
from c show False
by blast
qed
```

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# using and with

```
(have|show) prop using facts
=
from facts (have|show) prop
```



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## Structured lemma statement

```
lemma

fixes f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'a \ set

assumes s : surj f

shows False
```



#### Structured lemma statement

# lemma

```
fixes f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'a \ set
assumes s : surj f
shows False
proof — no automatic proof step
```



#### Structured lemma statement

#### lemma

```
fixes f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'a \ set
assumes s : surj f
shows False
```

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#### Structured lemma statement

#### lemma

```
fixes f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'a \ set
assumes s : surj f
shows False
proof -
```



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#### Structured lemma statement

#### lemma

```
fixes f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'a \ set
assumes s : surj f
shows False
proof — no automatic proof step
```



#### Structured lemma statement

```
lemma
fixes f:: 'a \Rightarrow 'a \ set
assumes s: surj f
shows False
proof — no automatic proof step
have \exists \ a. \ \{x. \ x \notin f \ x\} = f \ a \ using \ s
by (auto \ simp: \ surj\_def)
```



#### Structured lemma statement

```
lemma
fixes f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'a \ set
assumes s : surj f
shows False
proof — no automatic proof step
have \exists \ a. \ \{x. \ x \notin f \ x\} = f \ a \ using \ s
by (auto \ simp : surj\_def)
thus False by blast
qed

Proves \ surj \ f \Longrightarrow False
```

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lemma

#### Structured lemma statement

```
fixes f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'a \ set
assumes s : surj f
shows False
```

**proof** — no automatic proof step have  $\exists a. \{x. x \notin f x\} = f a \text{ using } s$ by  $(auto \ simp: \ surj\_def)$ 

thus False by blast

qed

Proves  $surj f \Longrightarrow False$ but surj f becomes local fact s in proof.



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# using and with

(have|show) prop using facts

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# The essence of structured proofs

Assumptions and intermediate facts can be named and referred to explicitly and selectively



- 8 Isar by example
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#### Case distinction

```
\begin{array}{c} \textbf{show} \ R \\ \textbf{proof} \ cases \\ \textbf{assume} \ P \\ \vdots \\ \textbf{show} \ R \ \dots \\ \textbf{next} \\ \textbf{assume} \ \neg \ P \\ \vdots \\ \textbf{show} \ R \ \dots \\ \textbf{qed} \end{array}
```

```
\begin{array}{c} \textbf{show} \ R \\ \textbf{proof} \ cases \\ \textbf{assume} \ P \\ \vdots \\ \textbf{show} \ R \ \dots \\ \textbf{next} \end{array}
```

assume  $\neg P$ 

show R ...

qed

```
have P \vee Q \dots
then show R
proof
assume P
\vdots
show R \dots
next
assume Q
\vdots
show R \dots
qed
```

Case distinction

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### Contradiction

# Contradiction

```
\begin{array}{l} \textbf{show} \ \neg \ P \\ \textbf{proof} \\ \textbf{assume} \ P \\ \vdots \\ \textbf{show} \ False \ \dots \\ \textbf{qed} \end{array}
```

```
\begin{array}{lll} \operatorname{show} \neg P & \operatorname{show} P \\ \operatorname{proof} & \operatorname{proof} \left( rule \ ccontr \right) \\ \operatorname{assume} P & \operatorname{assume} \neg P \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ \operatorname{show} False \ \dots & \operatorname{show} False \ \dots \\ \operatorname{qed} & \operatorname{qed} \end{array}
```

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```
\begin{array}{l} \textbf{show} \ P \longleftrightarrow Q \\ \textbf{proof} \\ \textbf{assume} \ P \\ \vdots \\ \textbf{show} \ Q \ \dots \\ \textbf{next} \\ \textbf{assume} \ Q \\ \vdots \\ \textbf{show} \ P \ \dots \\ \textbf{qed} \end{array}
```

```
\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{show}\ P \longleftrightarrow Q \\ \mathbf{proof} \\ \mathbf{assume}\ P \\ \vdots \\ \mathbf{show}\ Q \dots \\ \mathbf{next} \\ \mathbf{assume}\ Q \\ \vdots \\ \mathbf{show}\ P \dots \\ \mathbf{qed} \end{array}
```

1/



#### $\forall$ and $\exists$ introduction

```
show \forall x. P(x)
proof
 \mathbf{fix} \ x local fixed variable
 show P(x) ...
qed
```

#### $\forall$ and $\exists$ introduction

```
show \forall x. P(x)
proof
 fix x local fixed variable
 show P(x) ...
ged
show \exists x. P(x)
proof
 show P(witness) ...
qed
```

```
\mathbf{show}\ P \longleftrightarrow Q
proof
  assume P
 show Q \dots
next
  assume Q
 show P \dots
qed
```



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#### Structured lemma statements

```
fixes x :: \tau_1 and y :: \tau_2 \dots
assumes a: P and b: Q \dots
shows R
```



#### ∃ elimination: **obtain**

have  $\exists x. P(x)$ then obtain x where p: P(x) by blast  $\vdots x$  fixed local variable



### obtain example

```
lemma \neg surj(f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'a \ set)

proof

assume surj f

hence \exists \ a. \ \{x. \ x \notin f \ x\} = f \ a \ by(\ auto \ simp: \ surj\_def)
```

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# obtain example

```
lemma \neg surj(f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'a \ set) proof assume surj \ f hence \exists \ a. \ \{x. \ x \notin f \ x\} = f \ a \ \text{by} (auto \ simp: \ surj\_def) then obtain a where \{x. \ x \notin f \ x\} = f \ a \ \text{by} \ blast
```



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## obtain example

```
lemma \neg surj(f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'a \ set)
proof
assume surj \ f
hence \exists \ a. \ \{x. \ x \notin f \ x\} = f \ a \ by \ (auto \ simp: \ surj\_def)
then obtain a where \{x. \ x \notin f \ x\} = f \ a \ by \ blast
hence a \notin f \ a \longleftrightarrow a \in f \ a \ by \ blast
```

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## obtain example

```
lemma \neg surj(f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'a \ set)

proof

assume surj \ f

hence \exists \ a. \ \{x. \ x \notin f \ x\} = f \ a \ by (auto \ simp : surj\_def)

then obtain a where \{x. \ x \notin f \ x\} = f \ a \ by \ blast

hence a \notin f \ a \longleftrightarrow a \in f \ a \ by \ blast

thus False by blast

qed
```



## obtain example

```
lemma \neg surj(f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'a \ set)

proof

assume surj \ f

hence \exists \ a. \ \{x. \ x \notin f \ x\} = f \ a \ by \ (auto \ simp : surj\_def)

then obtain a where \{x. \ x \notin f \ x\} = f \ a \ by \ blast

hence a \notin f \ a \longleftrightarrow a \in f \ a \ by \ blast

thus False by blast

qed
```

1.0



# Set equality and subset

```
\begin{array}{l} \mathbf{show}\ A = B \\ \mathbf{proof} \\ \mathbf{show}\ A \subseteq B \ \dots \\ \mathbf{next} \\ \mathbf{show}\ B \subseteq A \ \dots \\ \mathbf{qed} \end{array}
```



# Set equality and subset

```
\begin{array}{lll} \mathbf{show} \ A = B & \mathbf{show} \ A \subseteq B \\ \mathbf{proof} & \mathbf{proof} \\ \mathbf{show} \ A \subseteq B \ \dots & \mathbf{fix} \ x \\ \mathbf{next} & \mathbf{assume} \ x \in A \\ \mathbf{show} \ B \subseteq A \ \dots & \vdots \\ \mathbf{qed} & \mathbf{show} \ x \in B \ \dots \\ \mathbf{qed} & \mathbf{qed} \end{array}
```

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# Isar\_Demo.thy

Exercise

∃ elimination: **obtain** 150



#### ∃ elimination: **obtain**

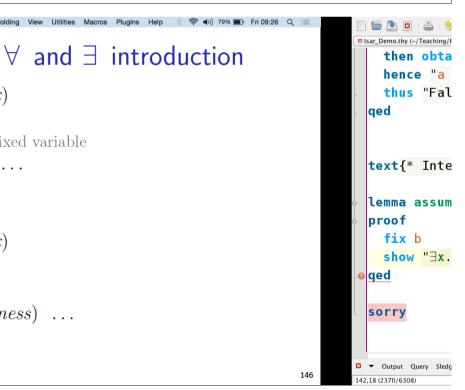
have  $\exists x. P(x)$ then obtain x where p: P(x) by blast

*x* fixed local variable

 $P(x) \dots$ P(x) $P(witness) \dots$ 

P(x)

ocal fixed variable



# Hillities Macros Plugins Help \* ♥ ♠) 78% ■ Fri 09:28 Q :≡ Id ∃ introduction iable

```
thus "False" by blast qed

text{* Interactive exerce lemma assumes "∃x. ∀y. For proof fix b from assms obtain a wlashow "∃x. P x b" proof show """
```

Output Query Sledgehammer State Symbols

# Chains of equations

#### Textbook proof

```
t_1 = t_2 \langle \text{justification} \rangle
= t_3 \langle \text{justification} \rangle
:
= t_n \langle \text{justification} \rangle
```

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## Chains of equations

ged ged

#### Textbook proof

```
= t_3 \quad \langle \text{justification} \rangle
\vdots
= t_n \quad \langle \text{justification} \rangle
In Isabelle:
\text{have "} t_1 = t_2 \text{" } \langle proof \rangle
\text{also have "} ... = t_3 \text{" } \langle proof \rangle
\vdots
\text{also have "} ... = t_n \text{" } \langle proof \rangle
```

 $t_1 = t_2$  (justification)



# Chains of equations

#### Textbook proof

```
t_1 = t_2 \langle \text{justification} \rangle
= t_3 \langle \text{justification} \rangle
\vdots
= t_n \langle \text{justification} \rangle
In Isabelle:

have "t_1 = t_2" \langle proof \rangle
also have "... = t_3" \langle proof \rangle
\vdots
also have "... = t_n" \langle proof \rangle
finally show "t_1 = t_n".
```



# Chains of equations and inequations

Instead of = you may also use  $\le$  and <.



# Chains of equations and inequations

Instead of = you may also use  $\le$  and <.

#### Example

```
have "t_1 < t_2" \langle proof \rangle also have "... = t_3" \langle proof \rangle : also have "... \leq t_n" \langle proof \rangle finally show "t_1 < t_n" .
```

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### Isar\_Demo.thy

Example & Exercise



#### Isar\_Demo.thy

Example & Exercise

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# Example: pattern matching

```
show formula_1 \longleftrightarrow formula_2 (is ?L \longleftrightarrow ?R)
```



### $\forall$ and $\exists$ introduction

```
show \forall x. P(x)

proof

fix x local fixed variable

show P(x) ...

qed
```

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# Example: pattern matching

```
\begin{array}{l} \textbf{show } formula_1 \longleftrightarrow formula_2 \ \ \textbf{(is } ?L \longleftrightarrow ?R \textbf{)} \\ \textbf{proof} \\ \textbf{assume } ?L \\ \vdots \\ \textbf{show } ?R \ \dots \\ \textbf{next} \\ \textbf{assume } ?R \\ \vdots \\ \textbf{show } ?L \ \dots \\ \textbf{qed} \end{array}
```



#### ?thesis

```
show formula
proof -
    :
    show ?thesis ...
qed
```

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### ?thesis

```
show formula (is ?thesis)
proof -
  show ?thesis ...
ged
```



#### ?thesis

show formula (is ?thesis) proof -

















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# Quoting facts by value

By name:

```
have x0: "x > 0" ...
from x0 . . .
```



# Quoting facts by value

By name:

```
have x0: "x > 0" ...
from x0 . . .
```

By value:

have "
$$x > \theta$$
" ... : from ' $x > \theta$ ' ...



# Quoting facts by value

```
have "x > \theta" ...
```

# Quoting facts by value

By name: have x0: "x > 0" ... : from x0...

By value:

have "
$$x > 0$$
" ...  
:  
from ' $x > 0$ ' ...  
 $\uparrow$   $\uparrow$   
back quotes